

INDEX

Sr. No.	Name of the Experiment	Page No.	Date of Experiment	Date of Submission	Remarks
1	Introduction to MP8085	1-4	29/1/24	2/2/24	} G _H 15/3/24
2	WAP to perform Addition operation of 8 bit Numbers sum is 8-bit.	5-6	20/2/24	2/2/24	
3	WAP to subtract 2 8bit no where ans is 8bit.	6-8	2/2/24	1 Mar 24	} G _H 15/3/24
4	WAP to Add two 8bit no where sum is 16 bit.	8-10	9/2/24	1 Mar 24	
5	WAP to find 1's Complement of 8bit no		21/3/24	22/3/24	} G _H
6	WAP to find 2's Complement of 8bit no		21/3/24	22/3/24	
7	WAP to ADD 2, 16bit numbers		14/4/24		
8	WAP to perform 1's Complement no of 16 bit		25/4/24		
9	WAP to perform 2's Complement no of 16 bit		25/4/24		

Experiment - 1

Introduction to MP8085

- The Intel 8085 is an 8-bit microprocessor produced by Intel and introduced in March 1976.
- The 8085 MP is an 8-bit processor available in a 40 pin IC package & uses +5V for power.
- It can run at a maximum frequency of 3 MHz.
- Its data bus width is 8 bit and address bus width is 16 bit.
- It can address maximum 64 KB of memory.

→ MP8085 Trainer Kit

- Based on Intel 8085A processor
- Operates at 3.072 MHz
- Operates on single 5V power supply
- Peripheral controllers 8251, 8279, 8253, 8255
- Standalone user interface is 7-segment display & on board keypad.
- Built-in online Assembler/Disassembler in serial Mode.
- Provision to work with interfaces.

Teacher's Signature : _____

Introduction to 8085 Microprocessor Kit

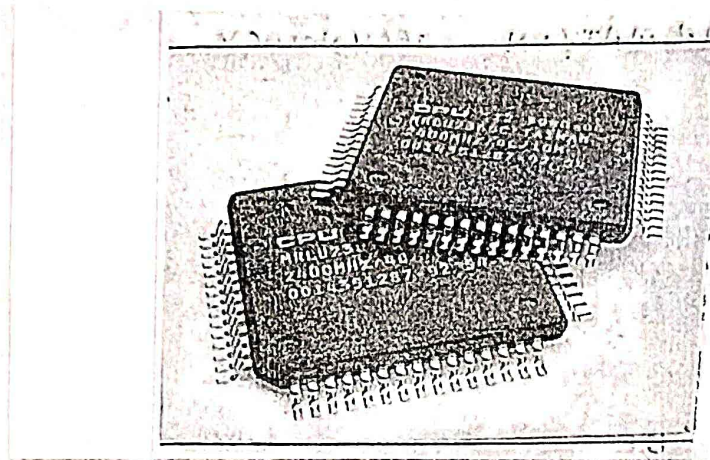


fig-1.1

MP 8085

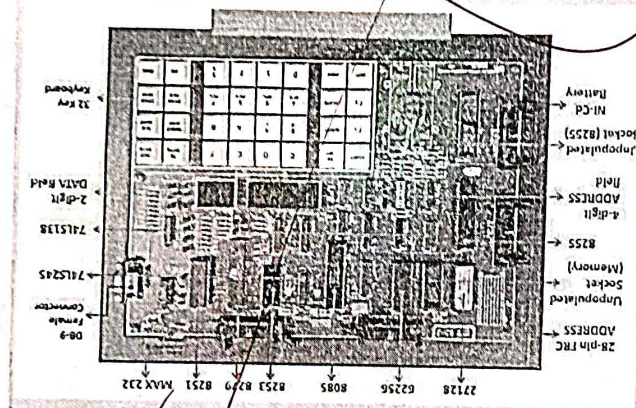


- onboard battery backup for RAM.
- Built in Text editor, Assembler and Disassembles facilities in serial mode.
- It has four on board ribbon cable connectors for easy ~~exp~~ expansion and two user defined function keys.

Specifications:

- ① CPU: 8085 operated at 3.072MHz
- ② Memory: There are 28 pin JEDEC sockets offering 64K Bytes of memory in the following configuration.
- ③ ROM: 16K Bytes of monitor program in 27128 EPROM.
- ④ ROM/RAM: 16K Bytes user expansion using any EPROM/ SRAM.
- ⑤ RAM: 32K Bytes supplied using 62256 CMOS static RAM with battery backup.

Peripherals: ① 8255 - (Two Nos) one 8255 is supplied to give 24 programmable I/O lines. user can have 48 I/O lines by populating an additional 8255 in expansion socket.



✓ Fig - Up Kit 8085
1.2

- ② 8253 - 3 programmable interval timer - Timer 0 is used for implementing single step facility, Timer 1 is used for generating band clock and Timer 2 is available to the user.
- ③ 8251 - for serial communication supports all standard bauds from 110 to 19200.
- ④ 8279 : To control 32 keys keyboard and 6-digit, half-inch size, screen segment LED display.
- Bus expansion: fully de-multiplexed and buffered TTL compatible bus signal brought out through two 26 pin ribbon cable connect for expansion.
 - Interface signals:-
 - parallel I/O : 48 TTL compatible Lines (2x8255) brought out through two 26 pin ribbon cable connector.
 - serial I/O : RS-232-C serial interface signals through onboard 6 pin D-type Female connector.

- Interrupts : All interrupts except TRAP are available to user. If single step function is not required, TRAP can also be used by the user.

Power supply Requirements : +5V DC @ 900mA approx

Dimensions :

L x B x H : ~~365~~ 275 x 55 mm Approx

Weight : 1300 gms Approx.

Teacher's Signature : 

Experiment No - 2

write a program to perform Addition operation for 2-8 bit no. sum is 8-bit.

Apparatus + Battery, 8085 kit, power supply, glow

Instructions used:

- ① The instruction MVI A, 8 bit data transfer the 8-bit number to the accumulator.
- ② the instruction MVI B, 8 bit data transfers the 8 bit number to the register.
- ③ The instruction ADD B add the number in B to number in A.
- ④ This instruction i.e. STA 8050 it stores the result in the memory location.
- ⑤ HLT instruction ~~an~~ needs the program.

Step to perform addition operation for two 8 bit Numbers.

- (i) Reset the microprocessor kit.

Teacher's Signature : _____

write a program to perform addition operation for two 8 bit numbers, sum is 8-bit.

Memory address	MNEMONICS	MACHINE CODE	COMMENTS
8000	MVI A, 30H	3E	Load the number in accumulator
8001	A ← 30	30	Assign value 30 in A
8002	MVI B, 20H	06	Load the number in register B
8003	B ← 20	20	Assign value 20 in B
8004	ADD B.	80	Add the contents stored in B to A
8005	STA, 8503	32	Store the result at 8503 H
8006	03 ← L	03	03 specified register pair L
8007	B5 ← 4	B5	85 specified register pair H
8008	HLT	76	stop

② Press Ex Mem.

③ put initial address of program to start and press Next.

④ program:

Line	instruction	op code
Line 1	MVI A 01	3E
Line 2	MVI B 02	06
Line 3	ADD	80
Line 4	STA	32
Line 5	HLT	76

⑤ Execute program: Press RESET, ---- and put initial address of program and press EXEC.

⑥ If E comes then your program has been successfully completed, if ERR comes then there is an error.

⑦ RESET the system.

RESET:

Press RESET, then ~~press~~ Ex Mem and put segult address and press ~~next~~ NEXT.

Result:

IP1 8001 - 20H

IP2 8003 - 30H

OP 8030 - output - 50H

Teacher's Signature : _____

GK
15/3/24

write a program to perform subtraction 8 bit no, 8 is 8 bit no

Memory Address	Mnemonic Code	Machine Code	comment
8000	MVI A, 30H	3E	Load the no to Acc
8001	A ← 30	30	Assign value 30 to A
8002	MVI B, 20H	06	Load the no in register B
8003	B ← 20	20	Assign value 20 to B
8004	SUB B	90	subtraction content start in B from acc content
8005	03 ← L	03	03 is at register pair L
8006	05 ← H	85	85 is stored at pair H
8007	85 ← H	85	85 is stored at pair H
8008	HLT	36	STOP

Experiment No-3

Aim: Write a program to perform subtraction of 8 bit no's is 8 bit number.

Apparatus: Battery, 8085 kit, power supply 220V

Instruction used:

- ① The instruction MVI A, 8 bit data transfer the 8 bit no to the accumulator.
- ② The instruction MVI B, 8 bit data transfer the 8 bit no to the register.
- ③ The instruction SUB B subtract the no in B from no in A.
- ④ This instruction i.e. STA 8503H store the result in the mem location.
- ⑤ HLT instruction ends the program.

Steps to perform subtraction of 2 - 8 bit no's

- ① press next
- ② press the mp kit
- ③ press the 'go'
- ④ put initial address of program where we started to put data.
- ⑤ program.

Line	instruction	opcode
Line 1	MVI A, 30H	3E
Line 2	MVI B, 20H	06

Teacher's Signature : _____

Line 3	SUBB	90
Line 4	STA 9000	32
Line 5	HLT	76

(vi) Execute the program

(vii) If correct then your program has been successfully completed if ERR comes then it's an error.

(viii) Reset the system.

Result 8001 - 30H
 8003 - 20H
 8503 - o/p - 50H

Teacher's Signature : _____

Gh
 15/3/24

write a program to perform addⁿ operation for two 8 bit no's where sum is 16 bit

Memory Address	Mnemonic	Machine Code	Comments
8000	MVI A	3E	load the no to the
8001	90H	90	Accumulator
8002	MVI B	06	load the no to register
8003	90H	90	
8004	MVC	0F	Load the carry generated
8005	00H	00	to register
8006	ADDB	80	Add the no in register B to reg A.
8007	INC	02	Jump to next step if
8008	JMP	0B	no carry is generated
8009	AHEAD	80	
800A	INRC	0C	Increment the carry
800B	AHEAD	32	store the result
800C	STA	03	at 8503H
800D		85	
800E	MOV AC	79	Move carry to AC load the
			result in AC.
800F	STA	32	store the carry generated
8010		04	in 8504 H.
8011		85	
8012	HLT	76	STOP.

Experiment 4

Aim: write a program to perform addition operation for the 2 8bit numbers sum is 16 bits.

Apparatus:- Battery, 8081 kit, power supply 220V

Instruction used:

- ① The instruction MVI A, 8bit data transfer the 8 bit no 08 to acc.
- ② The instruction MVI B, 8bit data transfer the 8 bit no to Acc.
- ③ The instruction add value of add of A and B to B
- ④ The instruction i.e. STA 8503H stores result in mem loc;
- ⑤ HLT instruction end the program.

Step to perform add operation for 2, 8bit numbers with carry.

- ① press next
- ② press the MP
- ③ press GO

Teacher's Signature : _____

④ put the initial address of program when we started the program.

⑤ Execute the program.

⑥ If Error then your program has been successfully completed if ERR comes then there is an error.

⑦ Reset program / the system.

⑧ put the address of memory where you want to store the result.

Result → 8001 → 90 no 1
8003 → 90 no 2
8005 → 00 carry
8003 → 20 H

Teacher's Signature : _____

G
15/3/24

Experiment no: 5

Aim: Find 1's complement of 8 bit number

Apparatus: Battery, 8085 μ P, power supply, 220V

Memory address	Mnemonic	machine code	comments
8000	MVI, A	3E	Move the data to the AC
8001	18H	18	load the data to the AC
8002	CMA	2F	complement of A
8003	STA	32	store the result
8004		02	lower bit address of register
8005		85	Higher bit address of register
8006	HLT	76	Stop the program execution

Result: Input 8001 - 18
Output 8002 - E7

0001 1000
1 1 0 0 1 1 1
↓ ↓
E 7

Experiment no : 5

Instruction: The instruction MVI A, 8 bit data transfer ~~to~~ the 8 bit number to the Accumulator

→ The instruction CMP, complement the value of A.

→ The instruction STA 8500 stores the result in the memory location.

→ HLT instruction is used to end the program.

procedure: ~~Reset~~ the microprocessor
press examine memory key.

put initial address of program to start and program :

Instruction	mnemonic code
MVI A, 18H	3E
CMP	2F
STA	32
HLT	76

execute the program

Reset

Press G10 and put initial address of program press execute key.

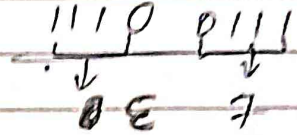
if E displays up then the program is successfully executed.

if ERR displays then there must be an error.

Reset the system again

Teacher's Signature : _____

Result : Input 1 : 8601 → 18 0001 1000
 output 8502 → 7



Teacher's Signature : _____

Signature
 22/3/24

Experiment :- 6

Aim : find 2's complement of 8 bit number

Apparatus : Battery, 8085 UP, power supply, 220V

Memory Address	Mnemonic	machine code	Comments
8000	MVI, A	3E	Move the data to AC
8001	18H	18	load the value to AC
8002	CMA	2F	complement the A
8003	STA	32	Store the result of 1's complement at 8502
8004	02H	02	lower bit address
8005	85-H	85	higher bit address
8006	ADI	06	Add immediately
8007	01H	01	ADD 1 to the value of 1's complement
8008	STA	32	Store the result of 2's complement at 8503
8009	03-H	03	lower bit address
800A	85-H	85	Higher bit address
800B	HLT	76	To stop the program

Result : input $\rightarrow$ 8001 18H
 1's complement $\rightarrow$ 7F 1C
 2's complement $\rightarrow$ E8

0001 1000
 1110 0111

 1111 1000
 + 1

 0000 0000
 E 8

Experiment : 6

* find 2's Complement of 8 bit number

Apparatus : Battery, 8085 μ p, Power supply, 220V

Instruction : The instruction $MVI A, 8$ bit data

→ transfer the 8 bit number to the accumulator

→ The instr.ⁿ CMP → Complement the value of A

→ The instr.ⁿ STA 8500 stores the result in memory location

→ The instr.ⁿ ADI (Add immediately) to the result of 1's Complement by 1.

→ The instr.ⁿ STA 8600 stores the result of 2's Complement at memory location

→ HLT is used to end the program execution procedure :

→ Press reset key

→ Press examine memory key.

→ Next, put the initial address of program

→ Next, instruction will go like this

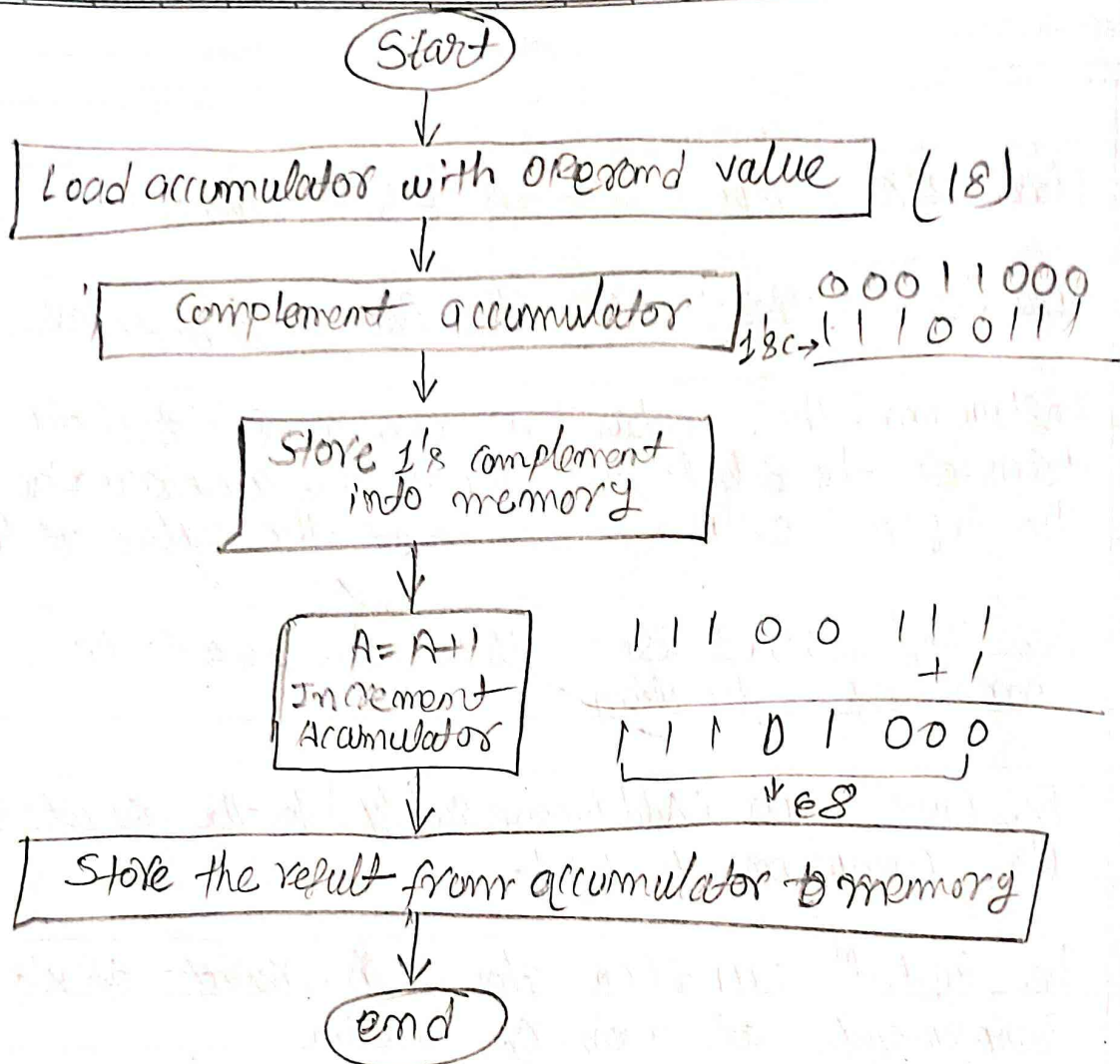
instruction

~~CMP~~ MVI

Mnemonic code

3E

Teacher's Signature : _____



Impl $\rightarrow$ at loc $\rightarrow 8001 \rightarrow 18$

1's compleⁿ result at locⁿ $\rightarrow 8502 \rightarrow 11100111$

2's compleⁿ result at locⁿ $\rightarrow 8503 \rightarrow 11101000 \rightarrow 28$

STA	32 32
ADI	C6 C6
STA	32 32
HLT	76 76
	76

→ Press Reset key
→ then go

→ put initial address of program and press execute key if ϵ occurs then the program is correct and if ERR occurs that mean there is an error in program

→ Reset

Result : Input : $8001 - 1841 \rightarrow 0001\ 1000$
1's Complement at 8562 $\rightarrow 1110\ 0111$
is $\epsilon\ 7$ +1

2's Complement at 1110 1000
8563 is $\epsilon\ 8$ 6E 8

Output $\rightarrow \epsilon\ 8$

Teacher's Signature : _____

22/3/21

Experiment - 7

Aim: To perform addition of 16-bit numbers.

Mnemonic	Memory Address	Machine code	Description
LHLD	8000	2A	load HL pair Direct
	8001	50	Address to store first 16 bit Number
	8002	80	
XCHG	8003	EB	exchange H-L pair with DE
LHLD	8004	2A	load HL pair Direct
	8005	52	Memory Address to store end 16 bit No.
	8006	80	
MVI, C	8007	0E	for carry generate
	8008	00	initialise reg C with 0
DAD, D	8009	19	Double-Addition
INC	800A	D2	if no carry, jump ahead
	800B	0E	L'SB
	800C	80	MSB
INRC	800D	0C	increment carry by 1
SHLD	800E	22	store H-L pair Direct
	800F	54	Memory location to store the result
	8010	80	
MOVA, C	8011	79	Move the carry to Accumulator
STA	8012	32	store the content of Accumulator
	8013	56	Memory Address to store carry of Accumulator
	8014	80	
HLT	8015	76	End of the program.

To perform addition of 16-bit numbers

Apparatus: Battery, 8085 μ p, power supply, 220 V

Instruction: The instruction LHLD, load the HL pair Direct

→ The instruction XCHG, change the H-L pair with DE

→ The Instruction DAD Double Addition used

→ The Instruction MVI, c loads the carry generate to the register c.

→ The instⁿ STA stores the result in memory location

→ HLT instⁿ ~~STA~~ ends the program.

~~set~~ steps to perform addition of 16 bit no.

→ press Reset

→ Examine memory

→ starting address

→ ~~from~~ program

→ Reset

→ G10

→ starting address

→ execute

→ Examine memory

if c comes then program has been successfully completed

if error comes then program is wrong

Result location

Next

Teacher's Signature : _____

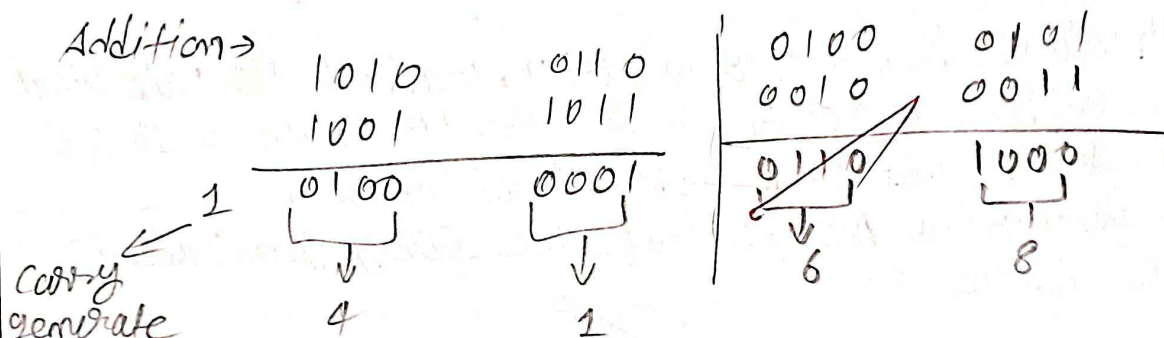
Input 1, at location 8050 - A645

→ 1010 0110 0100 0101

Input 2, at location 8052 - 9B28

→ 1001 1011 0010 0011

Addition →



Sum at location → 8054 → 4168

Carry, at location → 8056 → 01

8054 68
8055 41
8056 01

Result :-

Input I $\rightarrow$ A6 at 8050 L
" 45 at 8051

Input II $\Rightarrow$ 9B at location 8052 L
" 25 at location 8053

Sum at 8054 $\rightarrow$ 68 (68)

Sum at 8055 $\rightarrow$ 41

Carry at 8056 $\rightarrow$ 01

Teacher's Signature : _____

Gr
19/4/24

Aim : To perform & learn 1's complement of a 16 bit.

Memory address	Mnemonic	Opcode	Comments
8000	LHLD, 8050H	2A	Load HL pair directly at memory location 8050H
8001	—		
8002	—		
8003	MOVA, L	7D	Load contents of L to A
8004	CMA	2F	Complement the content of ACC
8005	MOVL, A	6F	Load the contents A to L
8006	MOVA, H	7C	Load the content of H to A
8007	CMA	2F	Complement the content of Acc
8008	MOVH, A	67	Load the contents of A to H
8009	SHLD 8052H	22	Store the 1's complement
800A	—	52	at memory location
800B	—	80	8052H
800C	HLT	76	Stop the program etc

Experiment: 08

1's complement of 16 bit No.

Aim: To perform & learn 1's complement of a 16 bit number.

Apparatus: Battery sss kit, Power supply 220V

Instⁿ & Instrumⁿ used:

1. The instruction 'LHLD' loads the HL pair using direct Addressing from memory locⁿ.
2. The instruction 'MOV A, R' moved the data of specified reg to Acc.
3. The instruction 'MOV reg A' move the data of Acc to specified Reg.
4. The instruction 'SHLD' stores the contents of HL register pair at specified memory location.
5. The instruction 'HLT' stops the program.
6. The instrⁿ 'CMA' complements the contents of Acc.

* Steps to perform 1's complement of a 16 bit

no ① Press Reset

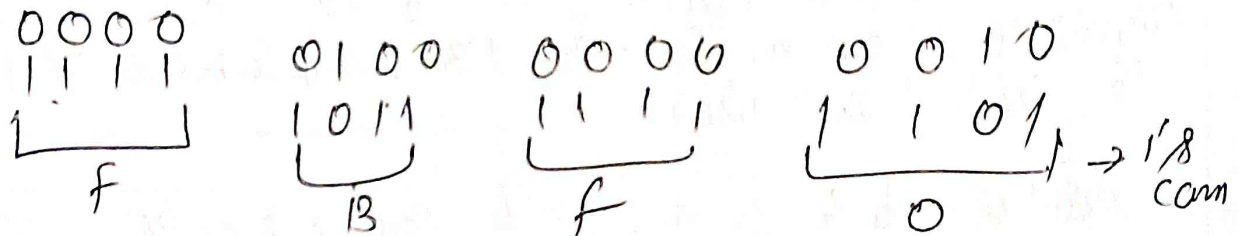
② Press Exam Mem

③ Enter the start address where you want

Teacher's Signature: _____

→ Calculation

04 02H



Result → Hexadecimal

Hexadecimal

Decimal

02H	— (0000 . 0010) ₂	I/p
04H	— (000 0100) ₂	
FOH	— (1111 . 1101) ₂	O/p
FBH	— (1111 1011) ₂	

the write the program & press Next

4. Write the program in opcode form.

5. Reset the 8085 kit

6. Press Go

7. Enter the start address of the program

8. Press Execute

9. Reset the kit

10. Press Exam mem enter the address where result is stored.

(11) Press Next to see the result

Result : 8060H - 02H } Z/P
8051H - 04H }

8052H - FDH } 1's complement
8053H - FDH }

Experiment - 9

Aim: To Perform & Learn 2's Complement of an 16 bit number.

Memory Address	Mnemonic code	Opcode	Comments
8000	LHLD 8050H	2A	Load HL pair direct
8001	_____	50	at memory location
8002	_____	80	8050H
8003	MOVA, L	7D	Load contents of L to A
8004	CMA	2F	complement the ACC
8005	MOVL, A	6E	Load the contents of A to L
8006	MOVA, H	7C	Load the contents of H to A
8007	CMA	2F	complement the ACC
8008	MOVH, A	67	Load the contents of A to H
8009	SHLD 8052H	22	Store the 1's complement
800A	_____	52	at location 8052H
800B	_____	80	
800C	INXH	23	Increment HL by 1
800D	SHLD 8054H	22	Store the 2's complement
800E	_____	54	at memory location
800F	_____	80	8054H
8010	HLT	76	Stop the program etc

Experiment :- 09

2's Complement of 16 bit number

Aim: To perform & learn 2's Complement of an 16 bit number.

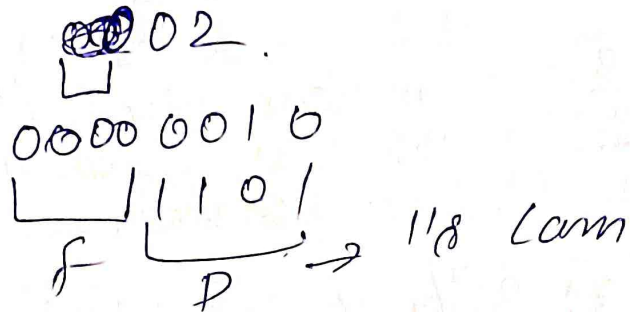
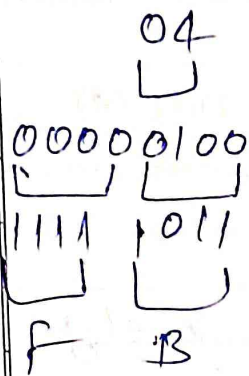
Apparatus: Battery 8085 Kit, power supply 220V

Instⁿ used:

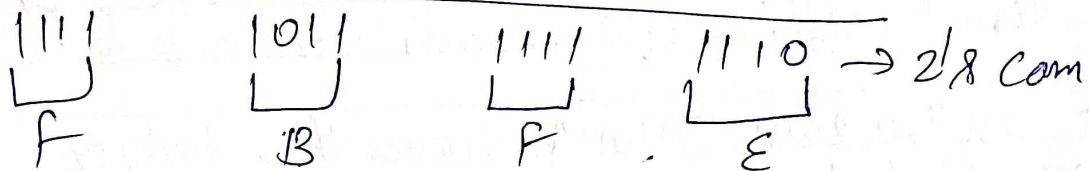
1. The instruction 'LHLD' loads the HL pair using direct addressing from memory locⁿ.
2. The instruction 'MOVA' moves the data of specified to Acc.
3. The instruction ~~ANOA~~, 'CMA' complements the contents of Acc.
4. The instⁿ 'MOV Reg A' moves the data of Acc to specified register.
5. The instruction SHLD stores the contents of HL reg pair at specified memory address.
6. The instruction INXH increments the contents of HL Register pair by 1.

Teacher's Signature : _____

Calculations.



1111 1011 1111 · 1101
+1



Result: hexadecimal

Decimal

02H	(0000 0010) ₂	] 118
04H	(0000 0100) ₂	
FBH	(1111 1011) ₂	] 118
FDH	(1111 1101) ₂	
FBH	(1111 1011) ₂	] 218
FE	(1111 1110) ₂	

7. The instrⁿ HLT stops the program

Steps to perform 2's complement of a 16 bit no.

- 1) Press Reset
- 2) Press exterm memory
- 3) start address
- 4) write the program in opcode form
- 5) Reset the 8085 kit
- 6) Press Go
- 7) Enter the start address of the program
- 8) Press execute
- 9) Reset the kit
- 10) Press Exam Memory enter the address where result is stored.
- 11) Press Alert to see the result.

Result :

8080H	- 02H	] IP
8081H	- 04H	
8082H	- FBH	] 1's complement
8083H	- FDH	
8084H	- FEH	] 2's complement
8085H	- FBH	